



MICROBLADING RISK SHEET

Thank you for choosing Bello Cara Studio

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE PRIMARY COMPLICATIONS THAT CAN RESULT FROM TATTOOING

INFECTION. Unsterile tattooing equipment and needles can transmit infectious diseases, such as HIV, hepatitis, and skin infections caused by *Staphylococcus aureus* (“staph”) and other bacteria*. These infections can require prolonged treatment with antibiotics.

REMOVAL PROBLEMS. Despite advances in laser technology, removing a tattoo is a painstaking process, usually involving several treatments and considerable expense. Complete removal without scarring may be impossible.

ALLERGIC REACTIONS. Although FDA has received reports of numerous adverse reactions associated with certain shades of ink in permanent makeup, marketed by a particular manufacturer, reports of allergic reactions to tattoo pigments have been rare. However, when they happen they may be particularly troublesome because the pigments can be hard to remove. Occasionally, people may develop an allergic reaction to tattoos they have had for years.

GRANULOMAS. These are nodules that may form around material that the body perceives as foreign, such as particles of tattoo pigment.

KELOID FORMATION. If you are prone to developing keloids -- scars that grow beyond normal boundaries -- you are at risk of keloid formation from a tattoo. Keloids may form any time you injure or traumatize your skin.

THIS INFORMATION IS TAKEN FROM THE FDA.GOV WEBSITE